



Safeguard Risk Identification Form (SRIF)

Section 1: Project Overview

Identification	Insert Project ID# from Programme Framework Table AF-2021000101 (CTCN 2023000007)
Project Title	Insert title (adding words 'project preparation proposal for' before title) Strengthening the community-based Flood and drought preparedness and early warning system in Sudan using operational and innovative models in addition to Satellite-based transmission technology for real-time automatic water level telemetry system
Managing Division	UNEP -Industry and Economic Division - CTCN
Type/Location	[Global/Normative; Regional; National] National
Region	(Africa/ Europe/ North America/ Asia Pacific/ Latin America Caribbean/ West Asia) Africa
List Countries	Enter country name(s) Sudan
Project Description	The proposed technical assistance will enhance the existing Flood Early Warning System (FEWS) setup by the Nile River basin regional entity the Eastern Nile Technical Regional Office (ENTRO) – comprising Egypt, Ethiopia, South Sudan, and Sudan – so that it is appropriate for Sudanese authorities' flood management operations in Sudanese national sub-basins. The key outcome of this technical assistance will be Sudan being enabled to operate an innovative adaptation technology such as a FEWS to increase the resilience of communities, infrastructure, and economic sector investments in flood affected areas. The enhancements to the existing technology will include an early warning component that will allow better preparation and increased response capacity by authorities and communities for upcoming floods, minimizing losses and damages.
Relevant Subprogrammes	/
Estimated duration of project	Provide the estimate in months from project kickoff to completion. Do not include time spent on concept or design. 18 months
Estimated cost of the project	Provide the estimated cost for entire project in USD. 249,951 USD
Name of the UNEP project manager responsible	Rajiv Garg
Funding Source(s)	AFCIA
Executing/Implementing partner(s)	CTCN





SRIF submission version	If it is not the first time, mark the time of your previous submission Concept Review [] During Project development [] PRC [] Other Version 1
Safeguard-related reports	Feasibility report []
prepared so far	Gender Action Plan []
	Stakeholder Engagement Plan []
(Please attach the	Safeguard risk assessment or impact assessment []
documents or provide the	ES Management Plan or Framework []
hyperlinks)	Indigenous Peoples Plan []
	Cultural Heritage Plan []
	• Others

Section 2: Safeguards Risk Summary

A. Summary of the Safeguards Risk Triggered

Safeguard Standards Triggered by the Project	Impact of Risk ¹ (1-5)	Probability of Risk (1-5)	Significance of Risk (L, M, H) Please refer to the matrix below
SS 1: Biodiversity, Ecosystems and Sustainable Natural Resource Management	1	1	L
SS 2: Climate Change and Disaster Risks	2	2	L
SS 3: Pollution Prevention and Resource Efficiency	1	1	L
SS 4: Community Health, Safety and Security	1	1	L
SS 5: Cultural Heritage	1	1	L
SS 6: Displacement and Involuntary Resettlement	1	1	L
SS 7: Indigenous Peoples	2	2	L
SS 8: Labor and working conditions	1	1	L

¹ Refer to UNEP Environmental and Social Sustainability Framework (ESSF): Implementation Guidance Note to assign values to the Impact of Risk and the Probability of Risk to determine the overall significance of Risk (Low, Moderate or High).





B. ESS Risk Level² -

Refer to the UNEP ESSF (Chapter IV) and the UNEP's ESSF Guidelines.	4	5	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н
		4	M	M	Н	H	Н
ow risk	Impact	3	L	M	M	M	M
Moderate risk	d M	2	L	L	M	M	M
ligh risk		1	L	L	L	L	L
additional information required		#	1	2	3	4	5
C. Development of SRIF and Screen	ing Decision			Prot	babili	ty	
Prepared by							
Name:Rajiv Garg Date:05 June 2023							
Screening review by							
Name: Polycarp Odiedo Dat Cleared ³	e: 17/10/2023						
D. Safeguard Review Summary (by the	e safeguard team)					
This is a low-risk project. However, UNEP ES human rights, gender equality and women emp as outlined in section 3 are still applicable for l	owerment, accou						
A. Safeguard Recommendations (by	the sateguard tea	m)					
No specific safeguard action required						Ш	

High risk: Potential for significant negative impacts (e.g. irreversible, unprecedented, cumulative, significant stakeholder concerns); Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) (or Strategic Environmental and Social Assessment (SESA)) including a full impact assessment may be required, followed by an effective comprehensive safeguard management plan.

² **Low risk**: Negative impacts minimal or negligible: no further study or impact management required. **Moderate risk**: Potential negative impacts, but limited in scale, not unprecedented or irreversible and generally limited to programme/project area; impacts amenable to management using standard mitigation measures; limited environmental or social analysis may be required to develop a Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP). Straightforward application of good practice may be sufficient without additional study.

³ This is signed only for the full projects latest by the PRC time.





•	Take Good Practice approach ⁴	
•	Carry out further assessments (e.g., site visits, experts' inputs, consult affected communities, etc.)	
•	Carry out impact assessments (by relevant experts) in the risk areas and develop management framework/plan	
•	Consult Safeguards Advisor early during the full project development phase	
•	Other	

Section 3: Safeguard Risk Checklist

Screening checklist		Y/N/ Maybe	Justification for the response (please provide answers to each question)		
Guidi	Guiding Principles (these questions should be considered during the project development phase)				
GP1	Has the project analyzed and stated those who are interested and may be affected positively or negatively around the project activities, approaches or results?	Y	The project has analyzed and has identified stakeholders who are going to be positively or negatively impacted by the project implementation in consultation with the Ministry of Irrigation and Water Resources Sudan. The participation of women and youth will be proactively ensured throughout the implementation as per UN/CTCN rules. Local communities and governmental entities have been informed of the technical assistance through the Ministry of Irrigation and Water Resources of Sudan		
GP2	Has the project identified and engaged vulnerable, marginalized people, including disabled people, through the informed, inclusive, transparent and equal manner on potential positive or negative implication of the proposed approach and their roles in the project implementation?		The project has identified the vulnerable groups, including the residents in cities(Khartoum, Wad Madeni, Singa, Rabak, and Ad Damar) located along the Nile river and will ensure gender and youth participation during the implementation phase through trainings and stakeholder 's consultation process. The mapping of the stakeholders will be revised at the very beginning of the project and an inception		

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⁴ Good practice approach: For most low-moderate risk projects, good practice approach may be sufficient. In that case, no separate management plan is necessary. Instead, the project document demonstrates safeguard management approach in the project activities, budget, risks management, stakeholder engagement or/and monitoring segments of the project document to avoid or minimize the identified potential risks without preparing a separate safeguard management plan.





Т	I management will be a first of the control of
	meeting will be planned to inform the stakeholders of the start of the initiative, one month after the signature of the contract between UNEP and the implementer.
GP3 Have local communities or individuals raised human rights or gender equality concerns regarding the project (e.g., during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements)?	No. During the formulation of the proposal no concerns were raised by local communities on human rights. On the contrary, the stakeholders are pushing to have the TA implemented to enhance their technological capacities by providing information needed for effective dissemination of flood warnings, with the required technological enhancements as a measure to adapt and reduce risk of flooding in Sudan.
GP4 Does the proposed project consider gender-balanced representation in the design and implementation?	Yes. Gender representative participation has been considered in the design and implementation. The CTCN has developed a gender policy and an action plan that was approved by the AB. The gender policy applies a two-pronged approach to promote gender equality including (i) gender-specific initiatives meaning "addressing gender inequitable issues" and (ii) gender mainstreaming in the sense "mainstreaming gender as a way of implementing interventions in a human rights-based approach", so both men and women can enjoy the benefits equally. In other words, the first part would address the fact that women are underserved when it comes to technologies and capacity development, so historical imbalances need to be corrected, and the second part would provide equal/equitable opportunity to men and women. The AB of the CTCN includes a gender constituency and all CTCN Technical Assistances are implemented in the presence of at least one gender expert as a
GP5 Did the proposed project analyze relevant gender issues and develop a gender responsive project approach?	mandatory requirement. Yes, gender has been considered in the design of all the activities of the project proposal. The project team consists of one gender expert out of a team of 4 experts. The stakeholders will be mapped at the very beginning of the project with gender representative participation. An inception meeting will be organized one month after the signature of the contract between UNEP and the implementer. This inception meeting will be the opportunity to able to identify the needs, concerns, ideas, opportunities, roles in the implementation of each stakeholder.





GP6 Does the project include a project-specific grievance	
redress mechanism? If yes, state the specific location of such information.	Yes. Specific grievance redress mechanism ⁵ is in place.
GP7 Will or did the project disclose project information,	CTC-N webpage and www.open.unep.org
including the safeguard documents? If yes, please list	Safeguards documents will be uploaded
all the webpages where the information is (or will	after approval.
be) disclosed.	arter approval.
GP8 Were the stakeholders (including affected communities)	Yes, the stakeholders were informed about
informed of the projects and grievance redress	the project and the grievance redress
mechanism? If yes, describe how they were informed.	mechanism through the Higher Council for
	Environment and Natural Resources of
	Sudan.
	The Response Plan of the project provides
	the name of the focal point along with its
	contact details. The Response plan is public
	and can easily be accessed from the CTCN
	webpage. (Please refer to the link provided in GP7).
	Stakeholders will be engaged during the
	implementation of the project through
	stakeholder consultations and capacity
	building that have been planned at all stages
	of the implementation.
GP9 Does the project consider potential negative impacts	No, the project seeks to strengthen the
from short-term net gain to the local communities or	community-based Flood and drought
countries at the risk of generating long-term social or	preparedness and early warning system
economic burden? ⁶	using operational and innovative models in
	addition to Satellite-based transmission
	technology for real-time automatic water
	level telemetry system. There are no negative
	impacts foreseen, on the contrary the country is hopeful that this technical
	assistance will support technology transfer
	mechanism to help the country more resilient
	and prepared to better mitigate the effects of
	floods.
GP10 Does the project consider potential partial economic	No. The project is expected to have direct
benefits while excluding marginalized or vulnerable	impact on combating the effects of climate
groups, including women in poverty?	change by strengthening resilience and
	adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards
	and natural disasters in all countries
	Response Plan.
Safeguard Standard 1: Biodiversity, Ecosystems and Sustainable Natural	I Resource Management
Would the project potentially involve or lead to:	
1.1 conversion or degradation of habitats (including	No. There are no conversion or degradation
modified habitat, natural habitat and critical natural	of habitats, neither are losses or threats to

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⁶For example, a project may consider investing in a commercial shrimp farm by clearing the nearby mangrove forest to improve the livelihood of the coastal community. However, long term economic benefit from the shrimp farm may be significantly lower than the mangroves if we consider full costs factoring safety from storms, soil protection, water quality, biodiversity and so on.





	habitat), or losses and threats to biodiversity	biodiversity and/or ecosystems and
	and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services?	ecosystems services.
1.2	adverse impacts specifically to habitats that are legally protected, officially proposed for protection, or recognized as protected by traditional local communities and/or authoritative sources (e.g., National Park, Nature Conservancy, Indigenous Community Conserved Area, (ICCA); etc.)?	The rating of the safeguards has been scored as a risk - level 2 as the project will be implemented at national level, and its impact on traditional local communities is unknown. Nonetheless, the technical assistance aims to Expand and enhance the components of the Flood Early Warning System, based on readily available data for increased coverage, efficiency, and lead time. No, the project is not implemented in an area
	by authoritative sources for their high conservation and biodiversity value?	identified by authoritative sources for their high conservation and biodiversity value.
1.4	activities that are not legally permitted or are inconsistent with any officially recognized management plans for the area?	No, the project will not be in an area where activities are not legally permitted.
1.5	risks to endangered species (e.g., reduction, encroachment on habitat)?	No, the project is expected to enhance the existing Flood Early Warning System (FEWS) setup by the Nile River basin regional entity the Eastern Nile Technical Regional Office (ENTRO) – comprising Egypt, Ethiopia, South Sudan, and Sudan – so that it is appropriate for Sudanese authorities' flood management operations in Sudanese national sub-basins.
1.6	activities that may result in soil erosion, deterioration and/or land degradation?	No, project is expected to enhance the existing Flood Early Warning System (FEWS) setup by the Nile River basin regional entity the Eastern Nile Technical Regional Office (ENTRO) – comprising Egypt, Ethiopia, South Sudan, and Sudan – so that it is appropriate for Sudanese authorities' flood management operations in Sudanese national sub-basins.
1.7	reduced quality or quantity of ground water or water in rivers, ponds, lakes, other wetlands?	No, the project will have no impact on both the quality and quantity of ground water
1.8	reforestation, plantation development and/or forest harvesting?	No, the project is not planning any reforestation, plantation development and/or forest harvesting.
1.9	support for agricultural production, animal/fish production and harvesting	Yes, the project is expected to support climate resilient agricultural production by providing a reliable flood early warning system.
1.10	introduction or utilization of any invasive alien species of flora and fauna, whether accidental or intentional?	No.
1.11	handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms?	No.
1.12	collection and utilization of genetic resources?	No.
Safeg	uard Standard 2: Climate Change and Disaster Risks	
	the project potentially involve or lead to:	
2.1	improving resilience against potential climate change impact beyond the project intervention period?	Yes, the project, will lead to increased resilience against potential climate change impacts beyond the project intervention period. This will be because, Sudanese





		nationals will have access to a reliable FEWS to help them plan and avoid extreme damages from flood disasters.
2.2	areas that are now or are projected to be subject to	Sudan is vulnerable to climate changes,
2.2	natural hazards such as extreme temperatures,	being systematically affected by extreme
	earthquakes, extreme precipitation and flooding,	events such as floods, cyclones, and
	landslides, droughts, severe winds, sea level rise, storm	droughts. These events have a direct impact
	surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions in the next 30	on agriculture. Considering that Sudan is
	years?	struggling to feed its population, which in
		most cases is related to the inefficient
		agricultural practices.
2.3	outputs and outcomes sensitive or vulnerable to	No.
	potential impacts of climate change (e.g. changes in	
	precipitation, temperature, salinity, extreme events)?	2
2.4	local communities vulnerable to the impacts of climate	Yes, many Sudanese small-scale farmers
	change and disaster risks (e.g. considering level of	who rely on rain fed farming will be directly
	exposure and adaptive capacity)?	impacted positively by the implementation of
		this project as they will now have reliable
		information on the occurrence of floods
		which would otherwise destroy their crops.
2.5	increases of greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon	No.
2.6	emissions or other drivers of climate change? Carbon sequestration and reduction of greenhouse	This is an adaptation project and will have no
2.0	emissions, resource-efficient and low carbon	This is an adaptation project and will have no impact of emissions.
	development, other measures for mitigating climate	impact of emissions.
	change	
Safes	 guard Standard 3: Pollution Prevention and Resource Efficie	ncy
	d the project potentially involve or lead to:	,
3.1	the release of pollutants to the environment due to	No.
0.1	routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential	
	for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary	
	impacts?	
2.0	the gray austice of weets (beats because and year	Ne
3.2	the generation of waste (both hazardous and non- hazardous)?	No.
3.3	the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of	No.
3.3	hazardous materials and/or chemicals?	INO.
3.4	the use of chemicals or materials subject to	No.
0.4	international bans or phase-outs? (e.g. DDT, PCBs and	TVO.
	other chemicals listed in international conventions such	
	as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel	
	Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm	
	Convention)	
3.5	the application of pesticides or fertilizers that may have	No.
0.0	a negative effect on the environment (including non-	
	target species) or human health?	
3.6	significant consumption of energy, water, or other	No.
0.0	material inputs?	
Safes	juard Standard 4: Community Health, Safety and Security	
	d the project potentially involve or lead to:	
4.1	the design, construction, operation and/or	No.
	decommissioning of structural elements such as new	
	buildings or structures (including those accessed by the	
	public)?	
	. ,	ı





4.2	air pollution, noise vibration, traffic, physical hazards	No.
	air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, physical hazards, water runoff?	
4.3	exposure to water-borne or other vector-borne diseases	No.
	(e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable or noncommunicable diseases?	
4.4	adverse impacts on natural resources and/or	No negative impacts on the contrary, positive
	ecosystem services relevant to the communities' health	impacts are foreseen.
	and safety (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural	
	buffers from flooding)?	
4.5	transport, storage use and/or disposal of hazardous or	No.
	dangerous materials (e.g. fuel, explosives, other	
	chemicals that may cause an emergency event)?	
4.6	engagement of security personnel to support project	No.
	activities (e.g. protection of property or personnel,	
	patrolling of protected areas)?	
4.7	an influx of workers to the project area or security	No.
	personnel (e.g. police, military, other)?	
0-6-4	would Oham double To Outhouse Hawke do	
	uard Standard 5: Cultural Heritage	
	d the project potentially involve or lead to:	No
5.1	activities adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site?	No.
5.2	adverse impacts to sites, structures or objects with	No.
	historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values	
	or to intangible forms of cultural heritage (e.g.	
	knowledge, innovations, practices)?	
5.3	utilization of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other	No.
	purposes (e.g. use of objects, practices, traditional	
- A	knowledge, tourism)?	No.
5.4	alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance?	No.
5.5	significant land clearing, demolitions, excavations,	No.
	flooding?	
5.6	identification and protection of cultural heritage sites	No.
	or intangible forms of cultural heritage?	
Safeg	uard Standard 6: Displacement and Involuntary Resettlement	
	d the project potentially involve or lead to:	
6.1	full or partial physical displacement or relocation of	No.
0.1	people (whether temporary or permanent)?	140.
6.2	economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to	No.
0.2	assets affecting for example crops, businesses, income	170.
	generation sources)?	
6.2	involuntary restrictions on land/water use that deny a	No.
5.2	community the use of resources to which they have	
	traditional or recognizable use rights?	
6.3	risk of forced evictions?	No.
6.4	changes in land tenure arrangements, including	No.
5.4	communal and/or customary/traditional land tenure	110.
	patterns (including temporary/permanent loss of land)?	
	patterns (morating temperary) permanent 1000 or land):	
Safor	uard Standard 7: Indigenous Peoples	
	d the project potentially involve or lead to:	
vvour	a the project potentially involve of lead to.	





7.1	areas where indigenous popular are present or	Minority groups include Fur Bois Nubs and
7.1	areas where indigenous peoples are present, or	Minority groups include Fur, Beja, Nuba and
	uncontacted or isolated indigenous peoples inhabit or	Fallata who make up 30% of the total
	where it is believed these peoples may inhabit?	population. The rating of the safeguards has
		been scored as level 2 as the project will be
		implemented at national level.
7.2	activities located on lands and territories claimed by	The Technical assistance will be
	indigenous peoples?	implemented at national level. The
		Safeguard has been rated as risk level 2.
7.3	impacts to the human rights of indigenous peoples or to	No, the project's aim is to enhance the
	the lands, territories and resources claimed by them?	existing Flood Early Warning System (FEWS)
		setup by the Nile River basin regional entity
		the Eastern Nile Technical Regional Office
		(ENTRO) – comprising Egypt, Ethiopia, South
		Sudan, and Sudan – so that it is appropriate
		for Sudanese authorities' flood management
		operations in Sudanese national sub-basins.
7.4	the utilization and/or commercial development of	No, the project will focus on existing
	natural resources on lands and territories claimed by	cultivations.
	indigenous peoples?	Calavadonor
7.5	adverse effects on the development priorities, decision	No.
7.5	making mechanisms, and forms of self-government of	NO.
	indigenous peoples as defined by them?	
7.6	risks to the traditional livelihoods, physical and cultural	No.
1.0	survival of indigenous peoples?	NO.
7 7		No
7.7	impacts on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples,	No.
	including through the commercialization or use of their	
	traditional knowledge and practices?	
Safec	guard Standard 8: Labor and working conditions	
8.1	Will the proposed project involve hiring or contracting	Yes. The implementer will be a network
0.1	project staff?	member selected through the bidding
	project starr !	process under UNGM and will be mandated
		to respect the UN code of conduct rules and
16 ±1= =	anguar to 0.1 is yes would the arciast astartially	will meet all the requisites.
ITTHE	answer to 8.1 is yes, would the project potentially involve or lead to:	
8.2	working conditions that do not meet national labour	No.
0.2	laws or international commitments (e.g. ILO	110.
	conventions)?	
8.3	the use of forced labor and child labor?	No.
8.4	occupational health and safety risks (including violence	
0.4	and harassment)?	No.
8.5	the increase of local or regional unemployment?	No.
8.6	suppliers of goods and services who may have high risk	No.
8.0		1101
	of significant safety issues related to their own workers?	
07.		No
8.70	nequal working opportunities and conditions for women	No.
	and men	